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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/688,837	10/17/2000	Shusuke Yamamoto	001358	1853		
75	90 06/26/2002			<u></u> .		
ARMSTRONG, WESTERMAN, HATTORI			EXAM	EXAMINER		
	N.W. Suite 1000	FERGUSON, MICHAEL P				
Washington, DO	20006		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			3679			
			DATE MAILED: 06/26/2002	DATE MAILED: 06/26/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

B

	Application	ı No.	Applicant(s)	<i>i</i> 1			
•	09/688,837	,	YAMAMOTO ET AL.	4			
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
	 Michael P. I	- Ferguson	3679				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the corresp ndence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM							
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on		<i>.</i>					
, <u> </u>	is action is n						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(a) 1, 20 is/are pending in the application							
 4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 11-20 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1- 10</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election re	quirement.					
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>17 October 2000</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)			v (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election without traverse of Group I, claims 1- 10, in Paper No. 7 is acknowledged.

Claims 11- 20 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected Group, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in Paper No. 7.

Claim Objections

1. Claims 1 and 6 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 1 (line 5) recites "said inserting hole". It should recite –said inserting holes--.

Claim 6 (line 10) recites "on that one end". It should recite —on an end--.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1- 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamamoto et al. (USPN 5,520,269) in view of Uramoto et al. (USPN 4,642,011).

As to claim 1, Yamamoto et al. discloses a pin connection structure having:

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two members 1, 2 to be connected together, each of the members having an inserting hole 6, 7;

a hollow pin **8** which is inserted into the inserting holes and is caulked radially outward at an end portion **16** thereof to thereby connect the members together; and wherein the hollow pin is formed into a convex shape in a part of the end portion (Figures 1- 10).

Yamamoto et al. fails to disclose a pin connection structure having a hollow pin made of a metal having a surface-treated layer.

Uramoto et al. teaches a fastener made of metal having a surface-treated layer for preventing rust and corrosion of the fastener (column 1 line 62- column 2 line 23, column 5 lines 25- 61; column 6 lines 54- 68; and Table 7).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify a pin connection as disclosed by Yamamoto et al. to have a hollow pin made of a metal having a surface-treated layer as taught by Uramoto et al. to prevent rusting and corrosion of the hollow pin.

As to claim 2, Uramoto et al. teaches a fastener made of aluminum alloy metal (column 1 line 62- column 2 line 23, column 5 lines 25- 61; column 6 lines 54- 68; and Table 7).

As to claim 3, Uramoto et al. teaches a fastener made of ferrous material (column 1 line 62- column 2 line 23, column 5 lines 25- 61; column 6 lines 54- 68; and Table 7).

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As to claim 4, Uramoto et al. teaches a fastener having a surface-treated layer being an oxide corrosion-resistant film (column 1 line 62- column 2 line 23, column 5 lines 25- 61; column 6 lines 54- 68; and Table 7).

4. As to claim 5, Uramoto et al. teaches a fastener having a surface-treated layer being chromium plating and nickel plating (column 1 line 62- column 2 line 23, column 5 lines 25- 61; column 6 lines 54- 68; and Table 7).

As to claim 6, Yamamoto et al. discloses a pin connection structure for use in a floating type brake disc assembly having:

A hub 2;

an annular disc 1 which is concentrically disposed around the hub with a clearance therebetween;

the hub and the disc having plural sets of semicircular connecting dents **6**, **7** opening toward the clearance to thereby form respective inserting holes;

a hollow pin 8 inserted into each of the inserting holes with a washer 18 fitted on an end portion 12 of the hollow pin which is subsequently caulked radially outward for fixing the washer in position; and

wherein the hollow pin is formed into a convex shape in a part of the end portion **16** (Figures 1- 10).

Yamamoto et al. fails to disclose a pin connection structure having a hollow pin made of metal having a surface-treated layer.

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Uramoto et al. teaches a fastener made of metal having a surface-treated layer for preventing rust and corrosion of the fastener (column 1 line 62- column 2 line 23, column 5 lines 25- 61; column 6 lines 54- 68; and Table 7).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify a pin connection as disclosed by Yamamoto et al. to have a hollow pin made of metal having a surface-treated layer as taught by Uramoto et al. to prevent rusting and corrosion of the hollow pin.

As to claim 7, Uramoto et al. teaches a fastener made of aluminum alloy metal (column 1 line 62- column 2 line 23, column 5 lines 25- 61; column 6 lines 54- 68; and Table 7).

As to claim 8, Uramoto et al. teaches a fastener made of ferrous material (column 1 line 62- column 2 line 23, column 5 lines 25- 61; column 6 lines 54- 68; and Table 7).

As to claim 9, Uramoto et al. teaches a fastener having a surface-treated layer being an oxide corrosion-resistant film (column 1 line 62- column 2 line 23, column 5 lines 25- 61; column 6 lines 54- 68; and Table 7).

As to claim 10, Uramoto et al. teaches a fastener having a surface-treated layer being chromium plating and nickel plating (column 1 line 62- column 2 line 23, column 5 lines 25- 61; column 6 lines 54- 68; and Table 7).

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to the applicant's disclosure. The following patents are cited to be added to the applicant's list for they further show the state of the art with respect to pin connections:

Bass (USPN 4,645,041) is cited for pertaining to brake discs being concentrically connected to a hub using rivets.

McGuire et al. (USPN 5,836,429) is cited for pertaining to brake assemblies having corrosion resistant pins.

Nitto Seiko CO LTD (JP 9-14230) is cited for pertaining to rivets having a nickel plating.

Nishi et al. (USPN 5,330,036) is cited for pertaining to the use of Nickel and Chromium as corrosion resistant materials within brake assemblies.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael P. Ferguson whose telephone number is (703) 308-8591. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:30-4:30).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lynne H. Browne can be reached on (703) 308-1159. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9326 for regular communications and (703) 872-9327 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1114.

MPF June 20, 2002

> Lynne H. Browne Supervisory Patent Examiner Group Art Unit 3679